

GENERAL NOTES

- UTILITIES SHOWN DO NOT PURPORT TO CONSTITUTE OR REPRESENT ALL UTILITIES LOCATED UPON OR ADJACENT TO THE SURVEYED PREMISES. DUSTING UTILITY LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE ONLY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL RELD VERIFY ALL UTILITY CONFLICTS, ALL DISCREPANCIES SHALL BE REPORTED TO THE ENGINEER. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT DISCREPANCIES SHALL BE REPORTED TO THE ONLY TO ANY CONSTRUCTION.
- 2. ALL EXISTING UTILITIES NOT INCORPORATED INTO THE FINAL DESIGN SHALL BE REMOVED OR ABANDONED AS INDICATED ON THE PLANS OR DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN AS-BUILT PLANS (WITH TIES) FOR ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES. THOSE PLANS SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE OWNER AT THE COMPLETION OF THE
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REPAIRIRESTORE ALL DISTURBED AREAS (ON OR OFF THE SITE) AS A DIRECT OR INDIRECT RESULT OF THE CONSTRUCTION.
- 5. ALL GRASSED AREAS SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL FULL VEGETATION IS ESTABLISHED.
- MAINTAIN ALL TREES OUTSIDE OF CONSTRUCTION LIMITS.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL WORK NECESSARY FOR COMPLETE AND OPERABLE FACILITIES AND UTILITIES.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SUBMIT SHOP DRAWINGS FOR ALL ITEMS AND MATERIALS INCORPORATED INTO THE SITE WORK, WORK SHALL NOT BEGIN ON ANY ITEM UNTIL SHOP DRAWING
- IN ADDITION TO THE REQUIREMENTS SET IN THESE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLETE THE WORK IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL PERMIT CONDITIONS AND ANY LOCAL PUBLIC WORKS STANDARDS.
- 11. ANY DEWATERING NECESSARY FOR THE COMPLETION OF THE SITEWORK SHALL BE CONSIDERED AS PART OF THE CONTRACT AND SHALL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY.
- 12. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE ALL WORK WITHIN TOWN ROAD R.O.W. WITH TOWN AUTHORITIES
- 13. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL THE ELECTRICAL, CABLE AND TELEPHONE SERVICES IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UTILITY COMPANIES REQUIREMENTS
- 14. EXISTING PAVEMENT AND TREE STUMPS TO BE REMOVED SHALL BE DISPOSED OF AT AN APPROVED OFF-SITE LOCATION, ALL PAVEMENT CUTS SHALL BE MADE WITH A PAVEMENT SAW.
- 15. IF THERE ARE ANY CONFLICTS OR INCONSISTENCIES WITH THE PLANS OR SPECIFICATIONS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT THE ENGINEER FOR VERIFICATION BEFORE WORK
- 17. IF THE BUILDING IS TO BE SPRINKLERED, BACKFLOW PREVENTION SHALL BE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AWWA M14. THE SITE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONSTRUCT THE WATER LINE
- 18. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR OBTAINING TESTING AND INSPECTION SERVICES INDICATED IN THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, TYPICAL FOR CONCRETE AND SOIL TESTING.
- 19. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL LAYOUT AND FIELD ENGINEERING REQUIRED FOR COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT, CML ENGINEERING ASSOCIATES WILL PROVIDE AN
- 20. THE OWNER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE INSTALLATION OF ANY AND ALL SAFETY FENCES OR RAILS ABOVE EXISTING AND PROPOSED WALLS. THE OWNER SHALL VERIFY LOCAL, STATE AND INSURANCE REQUIREMENT GUIDELINES FOR THE INSTALLATION AND VERIFY ANY AND ALL PERMITTING REQUIREMENTS.

ZONING REQUIREMENTS:

ZONING DISTRICT: RESIDENTIAL - LOW DENSITY LOT: 1218 NORTH AVE

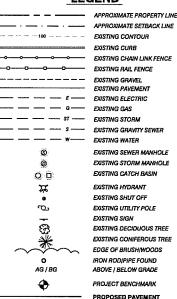
CATEGORY	ZONING REGULATIONS	EXISTING 1218 NORTH AVE.	PROPOSED 1218 NORTH AVE.
COVERAGE BUILDING TOTAL	35%	10% 53%	10% 53%
SETBACK FRONT YARD (NORTH AVE) FRONT YARD (POIRIER) SIDEYARD (WEST) SIDEYARD (NORTH)	ADV. 2 LOTS MIN.±5 10% WIDTH, <5 10% WIDTH, <5 10% WIDTH, <5	16±' 60±' 5±' 63±'	16±' 60±' 5±' 63±'
BUILDING HEIGHT EXISTING PRIMARY	35		

ZONING DISTRICT: NEIGHBORHOOD ACTIVITY CENTER LOT: 1200 NORTH AVE

CATEGORY	ZONING	EXISTING	PROPOSED
	REGULATIONS	1200 NORTH AVE.	1200 NORTH AVE.
COVERAGE BUILDING TOTAL	80%	49% 60%	51% 62%
SETBACK FRONT YARD (NORTH AVE) FRONT YARD (POIRIER) SIDEYARD (NORTH) SIDEYARD (EAST)	0	19±'	19±'
	0	11±'	11±'
	0	10±'	10±'
	0	4±'	4±'
BUILDING HEIGHT EXISTING PRIMARY	35		

그 회에 가는 민준이를 가게 되었다.

LEGEND



EXISTING SPOT GRADE

PROPOSED SPOT GRADE





CIVIL ENGINEERING ASSOCIATES, INC. 10 MANSFIELD VIEW LANE, SOUTH BURLINGTON, VT 05403

MAB SAV SAV

CLIENT:

LIVING WELL

71 MAPLE STREET BRISTOL, VERMONT 05443

PROJECT:

1200 NORTH AVE

BURLINGTON VERMONT



LOCATION MAP

DATE CHECKED

PROPOSED CONDITIONS SITE PLAN

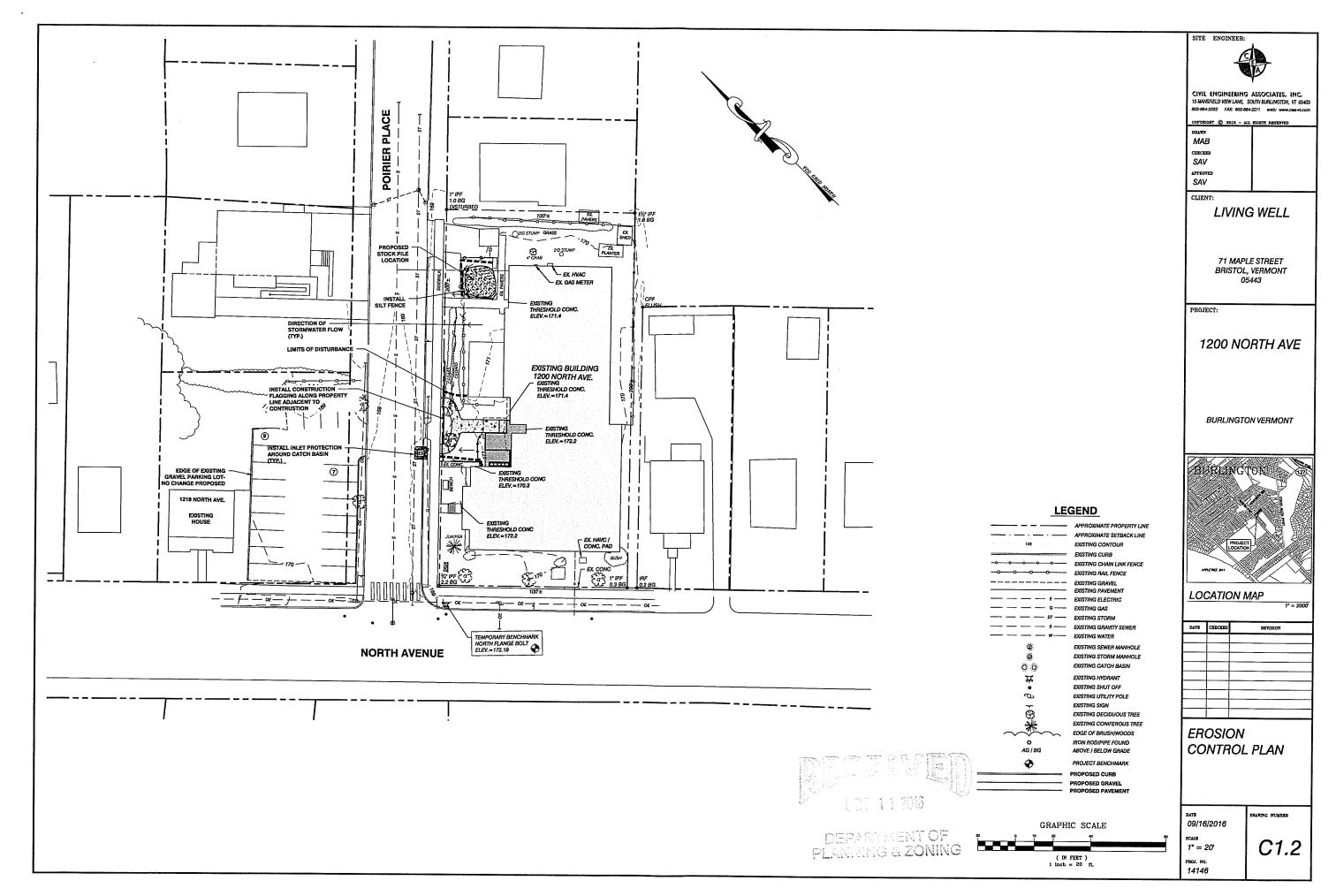
09/16/2016 1" = 20"

14146

C1.1

GRAPHIC SCALE

REVISED 9/16/2016



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Coverage under the State Construction General Permit 3-9020 is required for any construction activity that disturbs 1 or more acres of land, or is part of a larger development plan that will disturb 1 or more

This project has been deemed to qualify as a Low Risk Site which is subject to the erosion prevention and sediment control (EPSC) standards set for inthe State of Vermont's Low Risk Site Handbook for Erosion Prevention and Sediment Control

The following narrative and implementation requirements represent the minimum standard for which this site is required to be maintained as regulated by the State of Vermont.

Any best management practices (BMPs) depicted on the project's EPSC Site plan which go beyond the Handbook requirements are considered to be integral to the management of the afte and represent components of the municipal EPSC approval for the project which shall be

The EPSC plan depicts one enap shot in time of the site. All construction sites are fluid in their day to day exposures and risks as it relates to minimizing sediment loss from the site. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to Implement the necessary BMP's to comply with the Low Risk Handbook standards outlined on this sheet based on the Internal site disturbance conditions which may or may not be shown on the EPSC Site Plan.

Specific BMP's which are critical to allowing the project to be considered a Low risk site include the items checked below:

- Limit the amount of disturbed earth to two acres or less at any one
- time.

 There shall be a maximum of 7 consecutive days of disturbed earth exposure in any location before temporary or final stabilization is implemented.

1. Mark Site Boundaries

Purpose:

Mark the site boundaries to identify the limits of construction. Defineating your site will help to limit the area of disturbance, preserve existing vegetation and limit erosion potential on the site.

Flow to comply:

Before beginning construction, walk the site boundaries and flag trees, post signs, or install orange safety fence. Fence is required on any boundary within 50 feet of a stream, lake, pond or wetland, unless the area is already developed (bosting roads, buildings, etc.)

Limit the amount of soil exposed at one time to reduce the potential

The permitted disturbance area is specified on the site's written on to discharge. Only the acreage listed on the authorization form may be exposed at any given time.

How to comply: Plan ahead and phase the construction activities to ensure that no more than the permitted acreage is disturbed at one time. Be sure to properly stabilize exposed soil with seed and mulch or erosion control matting

3. Stabilize Construction Entrance

A stabilized construction entrance helps remove mud from vehicle

If there will be any vehicle traffic off of the construction site, you must

How to Instati

Rock Size: Use a mix of 1 to 4 inch stone

Length: 40 feet minimum (or length of driveway, if shorter)
Geotextile: Place filter cloth under entire gravel bed

Redress with clean stone as required to keep sediment from tracking onto the street.

4. Install Silt Fence

urpose: It fences intercept runoff and allow suspended sediment to settle out.

on the downhill side of the construction activities between any ditch, swale, storm sewer inlet, or waters of the State and the disturbed soil

Hay bales must not be used as sediment barriers due to their

- Place silt fence on the downhill edge of bare soil. At the bottom of space is available). Ensure the silt fence catches all runoff from bare soil.
- Meximum drainage area is 1/2 acre for 100 feet of slit fence.
 Install slit fence across the slope (not up and down hills!)
 Install multiple rows of silt fence on long hills to break up flow.
- Do not install sitt tence across ditches, channels, or streams or in

- How to Install slit fence:

 Dig a trench 6 Inches deep across the slope

 Unroll sit fence along the trench

 Ensure stakes are on the downbill side of the fence
- Join fencing by rolling the end stakes together Drive stakes in against downhill side of trench Drive stakes until 16 inches of fabric is in trench

Remove accumulated sediment before it is halfway up the fence. Ensure that sift fence is trenched in ground and there are no gaps.

rpose: rersion berms intercept runoff from above the construction site and ect it around the disturbed area. This prevents clean water from coming muddled with soil from the construction site.

meets the following two conditions, you must install a diversion berm before disturbing any soil. 1. You plan to have one or more acres of soil exposed at any one time

(excluding roads). 2. Average slope of the disturbed area is 20% or steeper.

- How to Install:

 1. Compact the berm with a shovel or earth-moving equipment.

 2. Seed and mulch berm or cover with erosion control matting immediately after installation.

 3. Stabilize the flow channel with seed and straw mulch or erosion control matting. Line the channel with 4 inch stone if the channel
- slope is greater than 20%. 4. Ensure the berm drains to an outlet stabilized with riprap. Ensure that
- there is no erosion at the outlet.

 5. The diversion berm shall remain in place until the disturbed areas are

6. Slow Down Channelized Runoff

Stone check dams reduce erosion in drainage channels by slowing

there is a concentrated flow (e.g. in a ditch or channel) of storm water on your site, then you must install stone check dams. Hay bales must not be used as check dams.

How to install: Height: No greater than 2 feet. Center of dam should be 9 inches lower than the side elevation Side slopes: 2:1 or flatter

Side slopes: 2:1 or flatter

Stone size: Use a mixture of 2 to 9 inch stone

Width: Dams should span the width of the channel and extend up the sides of the banks

Maintenance:
Remove sediment accumulated behind the dam as needed to allow channel to drain through the stone check dam and prevent large flows from carrying sediment over the dam. If significant erosion occurs between check dams, a liner of stone should be installed.

Permanent storm water treatment practices are constructed to maintain water quality, ensure groundwater flows, and prevent downstream flooding. Practices include detention ponds and wetlands, infiltration

If the total Impervious* area on your site, or within the common plan of development, will be 1 or more acres, you must apply for a State Storm water Discharge Permit and construct permanent storm water treatment practices on your site. These practices must be installed before the

Contact the Vermont Storm water Program and follow the requirements in the Vermont Storm water Management Manual. The Storm water agement Manual is available at:

www.tweterquaisy.org/stormwater.frtm
An impervious surface is a manmade surface, including, but
not limited to, paved and unpaved roads, parking areas, roofs,
driveways, and walkways, from which precipitation runs off rather

8. Stabilize Exposed Soil

The following exceptions apply:

- Stabilization is not required if earthwork is to continue in the area within the next 24 hours and there is no precipitation forecast for
- the next 24 hours. Stabilization is not required if the work is occurring in a self-contained excavation (i.e. no outlet) with a depth of 2 feet or greater (e.g. house foundation excavation, utility trenches).

All areas of disturbance must have permanent stabilization within 48 hours of reaching final grade.

Prepare bare soil for seeding by grading the top 3 to 6 inches of soil and removing any large rocks or debris.

Seeding Rates for Temporary Stabilization April 15 - Sept. 15 — Ryegrass (annual or perennial: 20 lbs/acre) Sept. 15 - April 15 — Winter rye: 120 lbs/acre

Seeding Bates for Final Stabilization:Choose Seeding Rates for Final Stabilization:

Choose from:	Variety	Brc. nore	lbs./1000 sq.ft.
Brdsfoot trefoil	Empire Pardee	51	0.1
or			
Common white clover	Common	- 8	0.2
phis			
Tall Fescue	KY-31 Rebel	10	0.2
phis			
Redtop	Common		
ot			
Ryegmss (perennish)	Pennime Linn		0.

April 15 - Sept.15 - Hay or Straw: 1 inch deep (1-2 bales/1000 s.f.) Sept.15 - April 15 -- Hay or Straw: 2 in. deep (2-4 bales/1000 s.f.)

Hydroseed As per manufacturer's instructions

9. Winter Stabilization

Managing construction sites to minimize erosion and prevent sediment loading of waters is a year-round challenge. In Vermont, this challenge becomes even greater during the late fall, winter, and early spring

Winter construction as discussed here, describes the period between October 15 and April 15, when erosion prevention and sediment control

is significantly more directific. Rains in late fall, thews throughout the winter, and spring meit and rains can produce significant flows over frozen and saturated ground, greatly increasing the potential for erosion.

Requirements for Winter Shutdown

For those projects that will complete earth disturbance activities prior to the winter period (October 15), the following requirements must be

- adhered to:

 1. For areas to be stabilized by vegetation, seeding shall be completed no later than September 15 to ensure adequate growth and cover.

 2. It seeding is not completed by September 15, additional non-vegetative protection must be used to etabilize the site for the winter period. This includes use of Erosion Control Matting or natting of a heavy mulch layer. Seeding with writter rye is recommended to allow for early germination during wet spring conditions.

 3. Where mulch is specified, apply roughly 2 inches with an 60-90% cover. Mulch should be tracked in or stabilized with netting in open areas vulnerable to wind.

Requirements for Winter Constru

Requirements for Winter Construction
If construction activities involving earth disturbance continue past
October 15 or begin before April 15, the following requirements must be

- adhered to:

 1. Enlarged access points, stabilized to provide for snow stockpilling.

 2. Limits of disturbance moved or replaced to reflect boundary of winter
- A snow management plan prepared with adequate storage and control of methwater, requiring cleared snow to be stored down slope of all areas of disturbance and out of storm water treatment structures
- 5. In areas of disturbance that drain to a water body within 100 feet, two
- rows of sitt fence must be installed along the contour.

 6. Drainage structuras must be kept open and free of snow and ice
- dams.

 7. Sitt fence and other practices requiring earth disturbance must be installed shead of frozen ground. Installed arread of nozern ground.

 8. Mulch used for temporary stabilization must be applied at double the standard rate, or a minimum of 3 inches with an 80-90% cover.
- 9. To ensure cover of disturbed soil in advance of a melt event, areas of disturbed soil must be stabilized at the end of each work day, with the
- If no precipitation within 24 hours is forecast and work will resume in the same disturbed area within 24 hours, daily stabilization is not Disturbed areas that collect and retain runoff, such as house
- foundations or open utility trenches.

 10. Prior to stabilization, snow or ice must be removed to less than 1
- Use stone to stabilize areas such as the perimeter of buildings under construction or where construction vehicle traffic is anticipate Stone paths should be 10 to 20 feet wide to accommodate vehicula

10. Stabilize Soil at Final Grade

Stabilizing the site with seed and mulch or erosion control matting when it reaches final grade is the best way to prevent erosion while

Requirements: Within 48 hours of final grading, the exposed soil must be seeded and mulched or covered with erosion control matting.

How to comply:

Bring the site or sections of the site to final grade as soon as possible after construction is completed. This will reduce the need for additional sediment and erosion control measures and will reduce the total

disturbed area. For seeding and mulching rates, follow the specifications under Rule 8,

11. Dewatering Activities

reat water pumped from dewatering activities so that it is clear when

Water from dewatering activities that flows off of the construction site must be clear. Water must not be pumped into storm sewers, lakes, or vetlands unless the water is clear.

How to comply: Using sock filters or sediment filter bags on dewatering discharge hoses or pipes, discharge water into sit fence enclosures installed in vegetal areas away from waterways. Remove accumulated sediment after the water has dispersed and stabilize the area with seed and mulch.

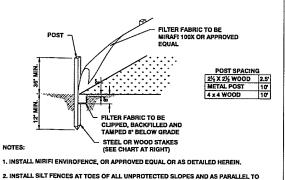
12. Inspect Your Site

Perform site inspections to ensure that all sediment and erosion control practices are functioning properly. Regular inspections and maintenance of practices will help to reduce costs and protect water quality.

requirements: Inspect the site at least once every 7 days and after every rainfall or inspect the site at least once every 7 days and after every rainfall or snow melt that results in a discharge from the site. Perform maintenance to ensure that practices are functioning according to the specifications outlined in this handbook.

In the event of a noticeable sediment discharge from the construction site, you must take immediate action to inspect and maintain existing erosion prevention and sediment control practices. Any visibly discolored storm water runoff to waters of the State must be reported. Forms for reporting discharges are available at:

www.wwtermulibr.or/sistomwater htm.

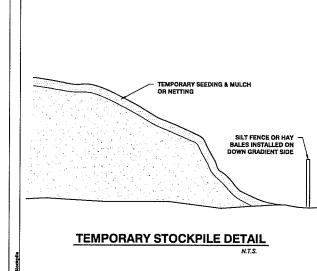


HEN ACCUMULATED TO HALF THE HEIGHT OF THE FENCE. SILT FENCES ARE TO BE MAINTAINED UNTIL SLOPES ARE STABILIZED 3. WHEN TWO SECTIONS OF FILTER CLOTH ADJOIN EACH OTHER, THEY SHALL BE

CONTOURS AS POSSIBLE. THIS INCLUDES ALL FILLED OR UNPROTECTED SLOPES CREATED DURING CONSTRUCTION, NOT NECESSARILY REPLECTED ON THE RINAL PLANS. CURVE THE ENDS OF THE FENCE UP INTO THE SLOPE. REMOVE SEDIMENT

SILT FENCE DETAIL

REVISED 08/01/2014



PLASTIC ORANGE

CONSTRUCTION FENCE DETAIL

REVISED 08/01/2014

SANDBAGS OR

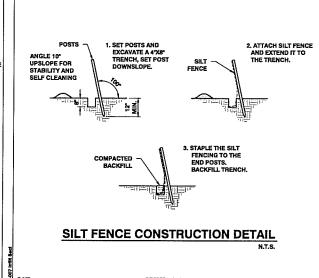
DIVERSION RIDGE

SUPPLY WATER TO WASH WHEELS IF NECESSARY

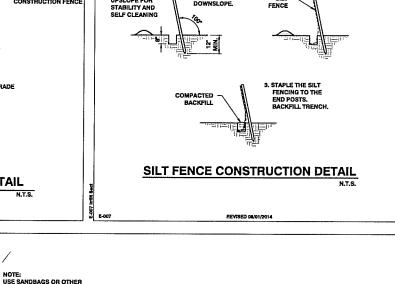
SPILLWAY

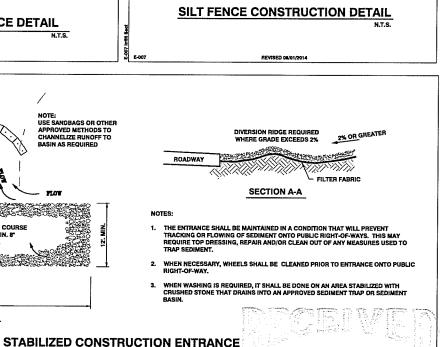
PLAN VIEW

APPROVED METHODS TO



REVISED 08/01/2014





SITE ENGINEER:

CIVIL ENGINEERING ASSOCIATES, INC. IO MANSFIELD VIEW LANE, SOUTH BURLINGTON, VT 05403

COPYRIGHT (C) 20	16 - ALL RIGHTS RESERVED	
DRAWN		
MAB		
CHECKED		
SAV		
APPROVED		
SAV	j	

CLIENT:

LIVING WELL

71 MAPLE STREET BRISTOL, VERMONT 05443

PROJECT:

1200 NORTH AVE

BURLINGTON VERMONT



LOCATION MAP

EROSION CONTROL DETAILS & NOTES

09/16/2016 1" = 20"

C2.0

RAVING NUMBER

14146

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1.01 MEETINGS & PROJECT ACCESS

- The Owner shall be notified five (5) days prior to commencement of Work by the Contractor.
- B. The Contractor will coordinate with the Owner to arrange an on-site pre-construction meeting prior to commencement of any work. Job superintendents and subcontractors shall be included in this meeting.
- C. The Contractor will coordinate all phases of the Work, so as not to interfere with the normal work procedures in the area.
- D. The Contractor shall conduct his work in such a manner as to not interfere with or endanger work or traffic in areas adjacent to the construction area, except as permitted by the Owner. The Contractor shall so arrange his construction operations as to provide access for emergency vehicles and equipment to the work site at all times.

1.02 LABOR

- The Contractor and subcontractors will employ mechanics skilled in their respective trades.
- B. All labor will be performed in a neat and workmanlike manner.

1.03 PROTECTION OF PERSONS AND PROPERTY

- A. The Contractor shall be responsible for initiating, maintainin and supervising all O.S.H.A. safety precautions in connection with the Work.
- B. Fire Protection: The Contractor shall take all necessary precoutions to prevent fires adjacent to the Work and shall provide adequate facilities for extinguishing fires. The Contractor shall also prevent fires in project related buildings and shall prevent the spread of fires to areas outside the limits of the Work.
- C. Safety Precautions: Prior to commencement of Work, the Contractor shall be familiar with all safety regulations and practices applicable with construction operations. No additional payments will be made for equipment and procedures necessitated by these safety precautions.

- The Contractor shall promptly correct all Work rejected by the Owner as defective or as failing to conform to the Contract Documents. The Contractor shall bear all cost of correcting such rejected Work.
- A. No Work shall be done when, in the opinion of the Owner, the weather is unsuitable. No concrete, earth backfill, embankment, or paving shall be placed upon frozen material. If there is delay or interruption in the Work due to weather
- B. Protection Against Water and Storm: The Contractor shall take all precautions to prevent damage to the Work by storms or by water entering the site of the Work directly or through the ground. In case of damage by storm or water, the Contractor, at his own expense, shall make repairs or replacements or rebuild such parts of the Work as the

A. All debris and excess materials, other than that which is authorized to be reused, become the property of the Contractor and shall be promptly removed from the property. The Contractor shall receive title to all debris and/or excess material. The Owner will not be responsible for any loss or damage to debris or excess material owned by the Contractor.

1.07 PROJECT LAYOUT

- The Contractor shall be responsible for providing all necessary survey staking.
- Locate and protect control points before starting work on the site.
- Preserve permanent reference points during progress of the Work.
- Establish a minimum of two permanent benchmarks on the site, referenced to data established by survey control points.

The Contractor is responsible for obtaining testing and Inspection services.

SITE CLEARING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. Section includes

- Remove surface debris.
- 2. Clear site of plant life and grass
- Remove trees and shrubs.
- 4. Remove root system of trees and shrubs

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PROTECTION

- A. Protect utilities that remain from damage.
- Protect trees, plant growth, and features designated to remain as final landscaping.
- C. Protect bench marks and existing structures from damage or
- D. Use means necessary to prevent dust becoming a nuisance to the public, to neighbors, and to other work being performed on or near the site.
- E. Maintain access to the site at all times.

- Clear areas required for access to site and execution of Work.
- B. Remove trees and shrubs within marked areas. Remove stumps, roots and top roots and other projections 1c* or greater in diameter to 2*-0* below the excavated surfaces in cut areas and 2*-0* below the exposed subgrade in fill areas.

- A. Remove debris, rock, and extracted plant life from site.
- B. The Contractor shall coordinate Work with the Engineer and Owner in establishing suitable areas within the property limits for depositing debris, rocks and extracted plant life. The Contractor shall be responsible for backfilling (capping) and grading all waste sites.
- 3.04 UTILITIES
 - A. Coordinate with utility companies and agencies as required.

SITE EARTHWORK

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- All excavation (unless covered in other sections of these specifications), removal and stockpile of topsoil, stabilization fabric, and other miscellaneous and
- 2. Site filling.
- 3. Roadway structural sections.

1.02 PROTECTION

- A. Protect bench marks and existing structures.
- B. Protect above or below grade utilities which are to remain.

- Testing loboratory reports indicating that material for backfill meets requirements of this Section.
- B. Field density test reports of site fill in place.
- C. Field density test reports for roadway structural sections in
- Stabilization Fabric: Submit copies of manufacturer's specifications and installation instructions.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- STRUCTURAL FILL CRUSHED GRAVEL (AOT SPEC. 704.05,
- A. All materials shall be secured from approved sources. This gravel shall consist of angular and round fragments of hard durable rock of uniform quality throughout, reasonably free from thin elongated pieces, soft or disintegrated stone, dirt, organic or other objectionable matter. This material shall meet the following grading requirements:

Sieve Designation	Percent by Weight Passing Square Mesh Sieve
2*	100
1 1/2"	90 - 100
No. 4	30 60
No. 100	0 - 12
N= 200	Ž ;-

2.02 CRUSHED GRAVEL (AOT SPEC. 704.05, COARSE)

A. This material shall meet the following grading requirements:

Sieve Designation	Percent by Weight Passing Square Mesh Sieve
4"	95 - 100
No. 4	25 - 50
No. 100	0 - 12
No. 200	0 6

At least 50% by mass (weight) of the material coarser than the No. 4 sieve shall have at least one fractured face.

2.03 COMPACTED FILL/GRANULAR BORROW

A. This material shall be free of shale, clay, friable material, debris, and organic matter, graded in accordance with ANSI/ASTM C136 within the following limits:

eve Designation	Percent by Weight Passing Square Mesh Sieve
3" ¾" No. 4 No. 100 No. 200	100 75 - 100 20 - 100 0 - 20 0 - 6

2.04 DRAINAGE COURSE (AOT SPEC. 704.16)

requirements:

Sieve Designation	Percent by Weight Passing Square Mesh Sieve
1"	100
%"	90 - 100
%"	20 - 55
No. 4	0 - 10
No. 8	0 - 10

2.5. DENSE GRADED CRUSHED STONE

crushed run stone and should meet the requirements for Vermont AOT Standard Specifications Item 704.06 Dense Graded Crushed Stone for Subbase and the gradation requirements shown in Table 704.06A of the Vermont AOT

Sieve Designation Percent Finer by Weight 90 - 100 75 - 100 50 - 80 No. 200

- 2.1. RECYCLED ASPHALT PAVEMENT (RAP) 1½" MINUS CRUSHED ASPHALT
- A. This material shall be free of Portland Cement and approved by the engineer prior to installation. This material shall not be mixed with gravel and shall meet the following grading

Sieve Designation	Percent by Weight <u>Passing Square Mesh Sieve</u>	
2"	100	
1½"	90 - 100	
No. 4	30 - 60	
No. 100	0 - 12	
No. 200	0 - 6	

2.07 GEOTEXTILE

- A. Subsurface Drainage Geotextile: Nonwoven needle—punched geotextile, manufactured for subsurface drainage application made from polyolefins or polyesters; with elongation greater than 50 percent; complying with AASHTO M 288 and the following, measured per test methods referenced:
- 1. Survivability: Class 3; AASHTO M 288.
- 2. Grab Tensile Strength: 157 lbf; ASTM D 4632.
- 3. Sewn Seom Strength: 142 lbf; ASTM D 4632.
- 4. Tear Strength: 56 lbf; ASTM D 4533.
- 5. Puncture Strength: 56 lbf; ASTM D 4833. Apparent Opening Size: No. 70 sieve, maximum; ASTM D 4751.
- 7. Permittivity: 0.5 per second, minimum; ASTM D 4491. UV Stability: 50 percent after 500 hours' exposure; ASTM D 4355.
- B. Separation Geotextile: Woven geotextile fobric, manufactured for separation applications, made from polyolefins or polyesters; with elongation less than 50 percent; complying with AASHTO N 288 and the following, measured per test
- 1. Survivability: Class 3; AASHTO M 288.
- 2. Grab Tensile Strength: 200 lbf; ASTM D 4632.
- 3. Sewn Seom Strength: 222 lbf; ASTM D 4632.
- 4. Tear Strength: 75 lbf; ASTM D 4533.
- 5. Puncture Strength: 90 lbf; ASTM D 4833.
- 6. Apparent Opening Size: No. 60 sieve, maximum; ASTM D
- 7. Permittivity: 0.02 per second, minimum; ASTM D 4491.
- UV Stability: 50 percent after 500 hours' exposure; ASTM D 4355.

9. Weight: 4.0 oz/yd² minimum.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

- A. Identify required lines, levels, contours, and datum.
- B. Identify known below grade utilities. Stake and flag locations.
- Maintain and protect existing utilities remaining which pass through work area.
- Upon discovery of unknown utility or conceded conditions, discontinue affected work; notify Engineer.
- 3.02 EROSION CONTROL
- Erosion control must be installed prior to beginning any earthwork operations.
- A. Excavate topsoil from areas to be excavated, re-landscaped or regraded and stockpile in areas designated on site or as directed by the Engineer.
- Maintain the stockpile in a manner which will not obstruct the natural flow of drainage.
- 1. Maintain stockpile free from debris and trash.

2. Keep the topsoil damp to prevent dust and drying out.

3.04 SUBSOIL EXCAVATION

- A. Excavate subsoil from areas to be regraded in accordance with plans.
- Excavate subsoil required to accommodate site structures, construction operations, roads, and parking areas.
- D. Notify engineer of unexpected subsurface conditions and discontinue affected work in area until notified to resume
- E. Correct areas over-excavated by error as directed by the

- A. Cut accurately to the cross-sections, grades, and elevations
- B. Maintain excavations free from detrimental quantities of leaves, sticks, trash, and other debris until completion of the
- C. Dispose of excavated materials as shown on the drawings or directed by the Engineer; except do not, in any case, deposit materials less than three feet from the edge of a ditch.

- When embankments are to be made on a hillside, the slope of the original ground on which the embankments are to be constructed shall be stepped and properly drained as the fill is constructed so that adverse movements of the slopes do
- B. Any excavated rock, ledge, boulders, and stone, except where required in the construction of other items or otherwise directed, shall be used in the construction of embankments to the extent of the project requirements and generally shall be placed so as to form the base of on embankment.
- C. Frozen material shall not be used in the construction of embankments, nor shall the embankments or successive layers of the embankments be placed upon frozen material. Placement of material other than rock shall stop when the sustained air temperature, below 32 degrees Fahrenheit, prohibits the obtaining of the required compaction. If the material is otherwise acceptable, it shall be stockpiled and reserved for future use when its condition is acceptable use in embankments.
- D. When an embankment is to be constructed across a swamp, muck, or areas of unstable soils, the unsuitable material shall be excavated to reach soils of adequate bearing capacity and the embankment begun. Alternative methods, such as use of a stabilization fabric in place of excavation and backfill, may be utilized only after approval of same by the Engineer.
- E. Material being placed in embankments shall be placed in horizontal layers of uniform thickness across the full width of the embankment. Stumps, trees, rubbish, and other
- F. Embankment areas shall be placed in eight—inch maximum lifts. Effective spreading equipment shall be used on each layer to obtain uniform thickness prior to compaction. Each layer shall be kept crowned to shed water to the outside edge of embankment and continuous leveling and manipulating will be required to assure uniform density. The entire area of each layer shall be uniformly compacted to at least the required minimum density by use of compaction equipment consisting of rollers, compactors, or a combination thereof. Earth—moving and other equipment not specifically manufactured for compaction purposes will not be considered as compaction equipment.
- G. All fill material shall be compacted at a moisture content suitable for obtaining the required density. In no case shall the moisture content in each layer under construction be more than three percent above the optimum moisture content and shall be less than that quantity that will cause the embankment to become unstable during compaction. Sponginess, shoving, or other displacement under heavy equipment shall be considered evidence for an engineering determination of lack of stability under this requirement, and further placement of material in the area affected shall be stopped or retarded to allow the material to stabilize.
- H. When the moisture content of the material to stobilize.

 H. When the moisture content of the material in the layer under construction is less than the amount necessary to obtain satisfactory compaction by mechanical compaction methods, water shall be added by pressure distributors or other approved equipment. Water may also be added in excavation or borrow pits. The water shall be uniformly and thoroughly incorporated into the soil by disc, harrowing, blading, or by other approved methods. This manipulation may be omitted for sands and gravel. When the moisture content of the material is in excess of three percent obove optimum maisture content, dry material shall be thoroughly incorporated into the wet material, or the wet material shall be certated by disking, horrowing, blading, rotary mixing, or by other approved methods; or compaction of the layer of wet material shall be deferred until the layer has dried to the required moisture content by evaporation.

A. All backfills and fills shall be compacted in even lifts (12"

Location



ASTM D-1557

PART 1 - GENERAL

- CURBS_AND_WALKS
- A. Section includes 1. Concrete Curbs
- 2. Concrete Sidewalks
- PART 2 PRODUCTS 2.01 CONCRETE
- A. The concrete shall have a minimum compressive strength of 4,000 psl at 28 days and shall conform to the requirements of Cast—in—Place Concrete.

2.02 ADMIXTURES

- 2.03 EXPANSION JOINT MATERIAL
- Expansion joint material shall be premolded bituminous filler conforming to ASTM D994.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 CONCRETE CURBS

- A. Excavation shall be made to the required depth and the base material upon which the curb is to be set shall be compacted to a firm, even surface. All soft and unsuitable material shall be removed and replaced with suitable material which shall be thoroughly compacted.
- Installation: The curb shall be set so that the front top line is in close conformity to the line and grade required. All space under the curbing shall be filled and thoroughly tamped with material meeting the requirements of the material for the bed course.
- C. Concrete Mixing and Placing: Compaction of concrete placed in the forms shall be by spading or other approved methods. Forms shall be left in place for 24 hours or until the concrete has set sufficiently so that they can be removed without injury to the curbing. Upon removal of the forms, the curb shall be immediately rubbed down to a smooth and uniform surface but no placetics will be compacted to 5 for this uniform surface but no plastering will be permitted. For this work, competent and skillful finishers shall be employed.
- D. Sections: Curbing shall be constructed in sections having a uniform length of ten feet, unless otherwise ordered. Sections shall be separated by open joints 1/8 inch wide except at expansion joints. E. Expansion Joints: Expansion joints shall be formed at the intervals shown on the plans using a pre-formed expansion joint filler having a thickness of 1/4 inch cut to conform to the cross—section of the curb. They shall be constructed at 20 foot intervals or as directed by the Engineer. When the curb is constructed adjacent to or an concrete payement, expansion joints shall be located opposite or at expansion joints in the payement.
- G. The Contractor shall protect the curb and keep it in alignment until the completion of the contract. Each curb which is damaged at any time previous to final acceptance of the work shall be removed and replaced with satisfactory curb at the Contractor's expense.
- H. Anti-spalling compound: When the initial curbing period is over (approximately 28 days after placement), all exposed over (approximately 28 days after placement), all exposed surfaces shall receive two (2) costs of anti-spalling compound. The surfaces shall be cleaned, and then the compound shall be applied; the first coat at a rate of .0.1 gallons per square yard, and the second at a rate of .0.15 gallons per square yard, and the second at a rate of .0.15 gallons per square yard. Anti-spalling compound shall only applied when the oir temperature is above 50 degrees Fahrenheit.
- 3.02 GRANITE CURBING Sloped granite curbing shall be hard, durable, reasonably uniform in appearance and free from weakening seams.
 Surfaces shall be as follows:

 - Front Face: Smooth quarry split, right angle top (No drill holes showing in top 10")
 - Back Face Exposed: Plane parallel with front face, straight split to 1 1/2" below surface.
 - End Face Exposed: Square planes on top and face.
 - Joints Exposed: Maximum 1" and pointed with mortar.
 Exposed faces shall be finished with a jointer. Remove all excess mortar from exposed faces. - Length: Minimum length 3'.
- Provide curved curbing to conform to radii indicated on the Contract Plans.
- A. Excavation and Foundation: Excavation shall be made to the required depth and to a width that will permit placing of bed course material and the installation and bracing of the forms.

 Bed course material shall be placed to the depth and section shown on the plans. When the layer required exceeds six inches, two layers of approximately equal depth shall be placed and each layer thoroughly compacted so that it is hard and unyielding. The wetting of bed course material may be required to obtain the compaction.
- B. Finishing: The surface shall be finished with a wooden float
 No plastering will be permitted. The edges shall be rounded
 with an edger having a radius of 1/4 inch. The surface of

SITE ENGINEER:



CIVIL ENGINEERING ASSOCIATES, INC. 10 MANSFIELD VIEW LANE, SOUTH BURLINGTON, VT 05403

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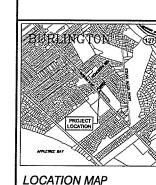
LIVING WELL

71 MAPLE STREET BRISTOL, VERMONT 05443

PROJECT:

1200 NORTH AVE

BURLINGTON VERMONT



DATE CHECK

SPECIFICATIONS

09/16/2016

C3.0

RAVING NUMBER

14146

 $1^* = 20^\circ$

ENLOF

C. Joints: Unless otherwise indicated on the plans or directed by the Engineer, expansion joints shall not be used in the sidewalk. Expansion joints shall be formed around all appurtenances such as manholes, utility poles and other obstructions extending into and through the sidewalk. Pre-formed joint filler 1/4 inch thick shall be installed in these joints. Expansion joint filler of the thickness indicated shall be installed between concrete sidewalks and any fixed structure such as a building or bridge. This expansion joint material shall extend for the full depth of the walk. Between the expansion joints, the sidewalk shall be divided at intervals of 5 feet by dumny joints formed by sawcutting or other acceptable means as directed to provide grooves approximately 1/16 inch wide and at least 1/3 of the death.

When the sidewalk is constructed next to a concrete curb expansion, joint material shall be placed between sidewalk and curb for the depth of the sidewalk.

- D. Curing: During the curing period all traffic, both pedestrian and vehicular, shall be excluded. Vehicular traffic shall be excluded for such additional time as the Engineer may direct.
- E. Backfilling: Before the concrete has been opened to traffic, the space on each side of the sidewalk shall be backfilled to the required elevation with suitable material, firmly compacted and neatly graded.

LANDSCAPE GRADING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes:
- Finish grading; bring rough grade in areas to design elevations as shown on the drawings.
- Topsoil: Work shall consist of furnishing, placing and shaping topsoil, or placing, spreading, and shaping topsoil form stockpiles or stripped areas.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 TOPSOIL

A. Topsoll shall be loose, friable, reasonably free of admixtures of subsoil, free from refuses, stumps, roots, brush, weeds, rocks, and stones 1 1/4 inch in overall dimensions. The topsoil shall also be free from any material that will prevent the formation of a suitable seedbed or prevent seed germination and plant growth. It shall contain not less than three (3) nor more than twenty (20) percent organic matter. Any material which has become mixed with undue amounts of subsoil during any operation at the source or during placing or spreading will be rejected and shall be replaced by the Contractor with acceptable material.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 SUBGRADE PREPARATION

- A. Clean subgrade of all stumps, stones, roots, trash or other materials which might hinder proper tillage or spreading.
- B. All surfaces on which topsoil is to be placed shall be graded to a reasonably true surface and scarified by raking, discing or other approved means to a minimum depth of two inches before placing topsoil.

3.03 PLACING TOPS

- A. Minimum final depth of topsoil shall be 4 inches.
- B. Place topsoil when seeding operations can closely follow spreading operations. Use topsoil in relatively dry state.
- C. Topsoil shall be spread and shaped to the lines and grades shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer. The depth stated in the contract to which the topsoil is to be placed is that required after final rolling of the material has taken place. All stones, roots and debris over 1½, inch in diameter along with any sodding weeds and other undesirable material shall be removed.
- D. After shaping and grading, all trucks and other equipment shall be excluded from the topsoiled area to prevent excessive compaction. The Contractor shall perform such work as required to provide a frioble surface for seed germination and plant growth prior to seeding.
- E. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to restare to the line, grade and surface all eroded areas with approved material and to keep topsoiled areas in acceptable condition until the completion of the work.

SEEDIN

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 Section Includes

A. Seeding.

- Furnish all labor, materials and equipment to complete all seeding work as shown on the drawings and specified herein.
- Except where otherwise shown or specified, the Contractor shall seed all areas where new contours are shown on the drawings and all areas where existing ground cover has been disturbed by the Contractor's operations.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

1.3 PROJECT CONDITIONS

Planting Restrictions: Seeding and initial fertilizing shall be done between May 1st and September 15th unless otherwise authorized. Seeding shall not be done during windy weather or when the ground is frozen, excessively wet, or otherwise untillable. If seeding is done during July or August, additional

mulch material may be required. Coordinate planting periods with initial maintenance periods to provide required maintenance from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCT

2.1 SEED

A. Conservation Seed Mix:

Kind of Seed Creeping Red Fescue Tall Fescue Red Top Birdsfoot Trefoil Annual Ryegrass	Minimum Purity 98% 95% 95% 98% 95%	Minimum <u>Germination</u> 85% 95% 90% 85% 85% TOTAL =	Lbs/Ac 22.5 22.5 3 9 3
		IUIAL =	60

2.2 INORGANIC SOIL AMENDMENTS

- Lime: ASTM C 602, agricultural limestone containing a minimum of 85 percent calcium carbonate equivalent and as follows:
- Class: T, with a minimum of 99 percent passing through No. 8 sieve and a minimum of 75 percent passing through No. 60 sieve.

.3 FERTUIZER

- A. Commercial Fertilizer: Commercial—grade complete fertilizer of neutral character, consisting of fast— and slow-release nitrogen, 50 percent derived from natural organic sources of urea formaldehyde, phosphorous, and potassium.
- B. Slow-Release Fertilizer: Granular or pelleted fertilizer consisting of 50 percent water—insoluble nitrogen, phosphorus, and potassium.

2.4 MULCHES

- A. Mulch: Provide air—dry, clean, mildew— and seed—free, hay or threshed straw of wheat, rye, oats, or barley.
- B. Compost Mulch: Well-composted, stable, and weed-free organic matter, pH range of 5.5 to 8; moisture content 35 to 55 percent by weight; 100 percent possing through 1-inch sieve; soluble salt content of 2 to 5 decisiemens/m; not exceeding 0.5 percent inert contaminants and free of substances toxic to plantings; and as follows:
- 1. Organic Matter Content: 50 to 60 percent of dry weight. PART 3- EXECUTION .

3.1 PREPARATION

- Protect structures, utilities, sidewalks, pavements, and other facilities, trees, shrubs, and plantings from damage caused by planting operations.
- Protect adjacent and adjoining areas from hydroseeding and hydromulching oversproy.
- Protect grade stakes set by others until directed to remove them.
- Provide erosion-control measures to prevent erosion or displacement of soils and discharge of soil-bearing water runoff or dirborne dust to adjacent properties and walkways.
- C. Newly Graded Subgrades: Loosen subgrade to a minimum depth of 4 inches. Remove stones larger than 2 inches in any dimension and sticks, roots, rubbish, and other extraneous matter.
- Apply fertilizer directly to subgrade before laosening.
 Delay mixing fertilizer with planting soil if planting will not proceed within a few days.
 Mix lime with dry soil before mixing fertilizer.
- D. Finish Grading: Grade planting areas to a smooth, uniform surface plane with loose, uniformly fine texture. Grade to within plus or minus 1 inch of finish elevation. Roll and rake, remove ridges, and fill depressions to meet finish grades. Limit finish grading to areas that can be planted in the immediate future.
- E. Moisten prepared areas before planting if soil is dry, Water thoroughly and allow surface to dry before planting. Do not create muddy soil.
- Before planting, restore areas if eroded or otherwise disturbed after finish grading.

3.2 APPLICATION RATES

- A. When a soil test is not available, the following minimum amounts should be applied:
 - 1. Agricultural limestone: 2 tons/acre.
- 2. Nitrogen (N): 50 lbs./acre.
- Phosphate: 100 lbs./acre
 Potash: 100 lbs./acre.
- This is the equivalent of 500 lbs./acre of 10-20-20 fertilizer or 1,000 lbs./acre of 5-10-10.
- 5. Hay mulch: 2 tons/acre.

3.3 SEEDING

- A. Sow seed with spreader or seeding machine. Do not broadcast or drop seed when wind velocity exceeds 5 mph. Evenly distribute seed by sowing equal quantities in two directions at right angles to each other.
- Do not use wet seed or seed that is moldy or otherwise damaged.
- 2. Do not seed against existing trees. Limit extent of seed to outside edge of planting saucer.
- Rake seed lightly into top 1/8 inch of soil, roll lightly, and water with fine spray.
- C. Protect seeded areas with slopes exceeding 1:3 with

erosion—control blankets installed and stapled according to manufacturer's written instructions.

 Protect seeded areas from hot, dry weather or drying winds by applying mulch within 24 hours after completing seeding operations. Sook areas, scatter mulch uniformly to a depth of 3/16 inch, and roll surface smooth.

3.4 HYDROSEEDING

- A. Hydroseeding: Mix specified seed, fertilizer, and fiber mulch in water, using equipment specifically designed for hydroseed application. Continue mixing until uniformly blended into homogeneous slurry suitable for hydraulic application.
- Mix slurry with fiber-mulch manufacturer's recommended tackiffer.
- Apply slurry uniformly to all areas to be seeded in a one-step process. Apply slurry at a rate so that mulch component is deposited at not less than 1500-lb/acre dry weight, and seed component is deposited at not less than the specified seed-sowing rate.

3.5 MAINTENANCE

- A. Maintain and establish seeding by watering, fertilizing, weeding, mowing, trimming, replanting, and other operations. Roll, regrade, and replant bare or eroded areas and remulch to produce a uniformly smooth lawn. Provide materials and installation. The same as those used in the original installation.
- In areas where mulch has been disturbed by wind or maintenance operations, add new mulch and anchor as required to prevent displacement.
- Begin maintenance immediately after each area is planted and continue until acceptable lown is established, but for not less than the following periods:
- Seeded Areas: 90 days from date of Substantial Completion.
- When initial maintenance period has not elapsed before end of planting season, or if seeding is not fully established, continue maintenance during next

.6 SATISFACTORY CONDITIONS

- A. Installations shall meet the following criteria as determined by
- Satisfactory Seeded Area: At end of maintenance period, a healthy, uniform, close stand of grass has been established, free of weeds and surface irregularities, with coverage exceeding 90 percent over any 10 sq. ft. and bare spots not exceeding 5 by 5 inches.
- Use specified materials to reestablish area that do not comply with requirements and continue maintenance until areas are satisfactory.

3.7 CLEANUP AND PROTECTIO

- A. Promptly remove soil and debris, created by work. Clean wheels of vehicles before leaving site to avoid tracking soil onto roads, walks, or other paved areas.
- B. Erect temporary fencing or barricades and warning signs as required to protect newly planted areas from traffic. Maintain fencing and barricades throughout initial maintenance period and remove after lawn is established.
- Remove nondegradable erosion—control measures after grass establishment period.

SITE ENGINEER:



CIVIL ENGINEERING ASSOCIATES, INC.

10 MANSFIELD VIEW LANE, SOUTH BUFILINGTON, VT 05403

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CLIENT

LIVING WELL

71 MAPLE STREET BRISTOL, VERMONT 05443

PROJECT:

1200 NORTH AVE

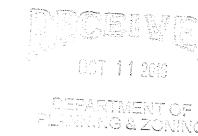
BURLINGTON VERMONT



LOCATION MAP

DATE	CHECKED	REVISION

SPECIFICATIONS



09/16/2016

14146

SCALE 1" = 20' C3.1

BANING NUMBER

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GENERAL DEMOLITION NOTES:

- A. THESE DEMOLITION NOTES ARE GENERAL IN NATURE AND IS NOT INTENDED TO BE ALL
 ENCOMPASSING OR BOHAUSTIVE IN DEPICTING EACH INDIVIDUAL ITEM TO BE REMOVED OR
 DEMOLISHED. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ARMILIARIZING HINSELF WITH
 THE PROJECT REQUIREMENTS PRIOR TO BIDDING. THEN'S INTERFERING WITH OR OF NO USE
 OR VALUE TO THE CONFLICTE PROJECT SHALL BE REMOVED OR DOLLSHED WHETHER
 SPECIFICALLY INDICATED IN THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS OR NOT.
- B. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH OWNER'S REP. THE ITEMS TO BE SALVAGED B ITEMS TO BE DISPOSED OF. SALVAGED ITEMS SHALL BE HANDLED SUCH THAT NO FURTHER DAMAGE IS TO OCCUR TO EACH PARTICULAR ITEM.
- C. COMPLY WITH GOVERNING REGULATIONS PERTAINING TO ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION.
- D. LOCATE, IDENTIFY, STUB OFF, AND DISCONNECT UTILITY SERVICES. REFER TO DRAWINGS FOR RELOCATING AND/OR RECONNECTION OF UTILITIES FOR NEW WORK AND/OR RELOCATED ITEMS OF WORK.
- E. IF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS ARE ENCOUNTERED DURING DEMOLITION OPERATIONS, COMPLY WITH APPLICABLE REGULATIONS, LAWS, AND ORDINANCES CONCERNING REMOVAL, HANDLING, AND PROTECTION AGAINST EXPOSIZE OR ENTRINGHEMAL POLILITION. NOTIFY TENANT AND ARCHITECT: CEASE WORK OPERATIONS AT PROJECT SITE.
- F. CLEANUP: UPON COMPLETION AND REMOVAL OF DEMOLISHED NATERIALS FROM SITE REMOVE PROTECTIONS AND LEAVE AREAS BROOM CLEAN.
- G. ALL EXTG. EQUIPMENT, DEVICES, FLOORING, LIGHTING, ETC. TO REMAIN, ARE TO BE PROTECTED BY G.C. DURING DEMOLITION & CONSTRUCTION.
- H. THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR SHALL REPAIR AT THEIR OWN EXPENSE MY DAMAGE DONE TO PROPERTY OF THE OWNER, AND ANY OTHER PRESON OR PERSONS ON OR OFF THE PREMISES AS A RESULT OF THE CONTRACTOR'S WORK DEFINED HEREIN.
- AS A RESULT OF THE CUNTINATIONS WORK DETIMED HEREIN.

 ALL EXISTION MASCORY WALLS SHOWN TO BE REMOVED SHALL BE REMOVED FROM FLOOR TO DECK. IF WALL PERISTRATES FLOOR, REMOVE TO 4" BELOW FLOOR, REMOVE ALL DOORS AND FRAMES IN WALL WHERE WALL TO BE REMOVED ABUTS AN DECETHING WALL DOORS AND SUPPORTS, AND REPLACE ANY MASOMY UNITS THAT ARE DAMAGED, WHERE RECHANCLAL PRINCE OR ELECTRICAL CONDUIT PENETRATES FLOOR SLAB AND WILL HOT BE COVERED BY ANY NEW CONSTRUCTION, REMOVE TO 4" BELOW SLAB AND CAP. SEE MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL DRAWINGS.
- J. WHEN REMOVING PORTION OF MASONRY WALL, TOOTH JAMBS TO PROVIDE STRAIGHT, PLUMB JAMBS, EXPOSED SAW CUT SURFACES ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE.
- K. CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS. COORDINATE LOCATION OF BASEMENT FOUNDATIONS WINDOWS WITH EXISTING FIRST FLOOR INFRASTRUCTURE AND WINDOWS.

DEMOLITION NOTES:

- REMOVE PORTION OF PARTITION FOR NEW WINDOW, DOOR CLEAN & PATCH REMAINING WALL SUFFACE FOR NEW FINISH. ANY ASSOCIATED WIRING TO BE REMOVED BACK TO CONNECTION POINTS. COORDINATE W/ STRUCTURAL FOR LINTEL REQUIRENENTS.

 PARTITIONYS TO BE REMOVED FLOOR TO CEILLING, ANY ASSOCIATED WIRING TO BE REMOVED BACK TO CONNECTION POINTS. ANY DOORS OR WINDOWS ON PARTITION TO BE REMOVED, ANY PLUMBING TO BE REMOVED BACK TO TO STRUCTURAL & MEP.
- REMOVED BACK TO SOURCE. COORDINATE W/ STRUCTURA,
 MEP. EXISTING FLOORING TO BE REMOVED DOWN TO EXTG.
 SLAB. REMOVE ALL THINSET AND/OR GLUE AND DEBRIS
 FOR A CLEAN AND SMOOTH SURFACE TO RECEIVE NEW
 FLOORING FRODUCT. PATCH SLAB AS REQUIRED.
 COORDINATE WITH STRUCTURAL AND MEP.
 CAREFULLY REMOVE WINDOW. TURN OVER TO CLIENT.
 CAREFULLY REMOVE WINDOW. TURN OVER TO CLIENT.
 CAREFULLY REMOVE DOOR AND FRAMING, TURN OYER TO
 CLIENT.

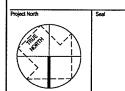
- CAREFULLY REMOVE BLIC XAID FRANKING. TURN OVER TO CLIENT.
 CAREFULLY REMOVE ALL EXISTING CASINETRY / MILLWORK. TURN OVER TO CLIENT.
 CAREFULLY DEMO SLAB AS REQUIRED FOR MEP SCOPE.
 REMOVE ALL PLUMBING FIXTURES, ALL WATER & DRAIN LINES TO BE REMOVED BACK TO SOURCE AND CAPPED OFF.
 COORDINATE WITH MEP.
 REMOVE FURRING. CLEAN & PATCH WALL FOR NEW FINISH.
 ANY ASSOCIATED WITHING TO BE REMOVED BACK TO CONNECTION POINTS. ANY PLUMBING TO BE REMOVED BACK TO SOURCE. COORDINATE WY STRUCTURAL & MEP.
 CLICATION FOR FURRING.
 COORDINATE DEMO SCOPE OF MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL AND SPRINGER FORMS THE MEP.
 EMISTING BUTTRESSES TO REMAIN.
 REMOVE POINTON OF EXISTING ROOF. COORDINATE WITH ROOF FLAN.
 REMOVE DEATION OF EXISTING ROOF. COORDINATE WITH STRUCTURAL
 REMOVE EXISTING BAMP AND ALL RELATED COMPONENTS HAND BALLS.
 REMOVE DECISITING FAMP AND ALL RELATED COMPONENTS HAND BALLS.
 REMOVE DECISITING FAMP AND ALL RELATED COMPONENTS HAND BALLS.
 REMOVE EXISTING FORCETE SLAB. COORDINATE WITH STRUCTURAL
 CAREFOLIZETING FORCE SUSTING WINDOW RETAIN & STORE FOR RE-INSTRULATION.

- OR RE-INSTALLATION.
 REMOVE EXISTING FLOOR SYSTEM. COORDINATE WITH
 ARCHITECTURAL NEW WORK PLAN.
 REMOVE EXISTING PORCH ROOF & POSTS.



Living Well Group

MACKENZIE ARCHITECTS P.C.



ETHAN ALLEN HOME RENOVATIONS AND ADDITION

MAPC Project Number 14054

BASEMENT LEVEL DEMO AND CONSTRUCTION PLANS

PHASE 1

Scale 1/8" = 1'-0" Checked B A-100

STAIR 2 1 A-210 (A)-B) ©-STAIR 1 A211 8'-7/4" 9'-61/8" 3 A211



REF: NA

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BASEMENT LEVEL

NEW PLAN

A100

REF: NA

1/8"=1'-0"

GENERAL DEMOLITION NOTES:

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- C. CUPICT WITH OFFORMING REGULATIONS PERFARANCE OF STYPHORMENTAL PROJECTION.

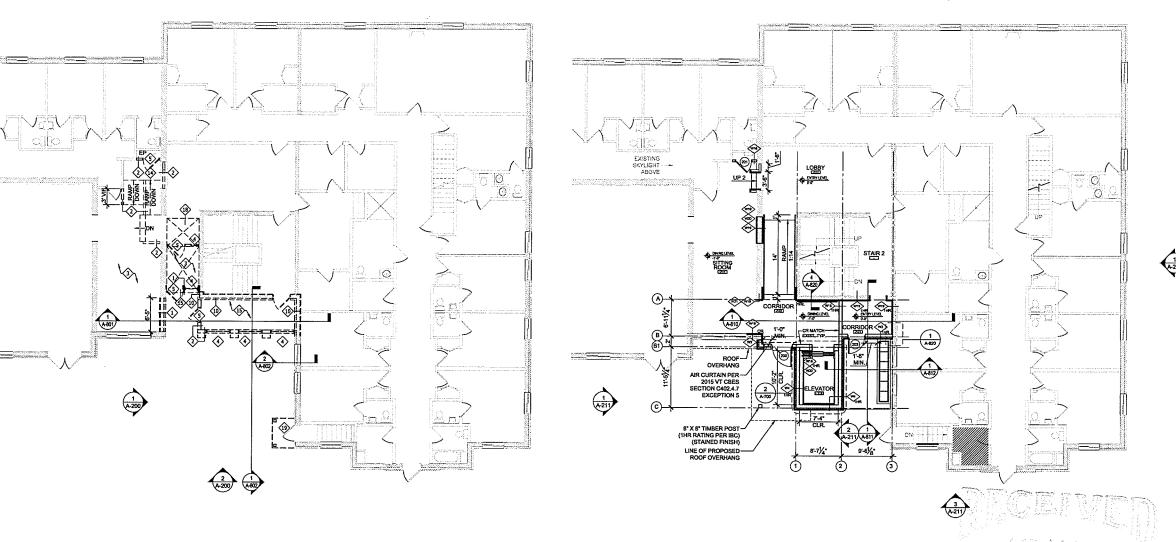
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- H. THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR SHALL REPAIR AT THEIR OWN EXPENSE ANY DAMAGE DONE TO PROPERTY OF THE OWNER, AND ANY OTHER PRISON OR PERSONS ON OR OFF THE PREMISES AS A RESULT OF THE CONTRACTOR'S WORK DEFINED HEREIN.
- AS A KESULI OF THE CONTRACTOR'S WORK DEFINED HEREIN.

 1. ALL EXISTING PASONRY WALLS SHOWN TO BE REMOVED SHALL BE REMOVED FROM FLOOR TO DECK. IF WALL PENETRATES FLOOR, REMOVE TO 4* BELOW FLOOR. REMOVE ALL DOORS AND FRAMES IN WALL. WHERE WALL TO BE REMOVED ABJIS AN EXISTING WALL TO REMAIN, CLEAN HORTAR FROM EXISTING WALL, REMOVE ALL ANCHORS AND SUPPORTS, AND REPLACE ANY MASONRY UNITS THAT ARE DAMAGED, WHERE RECHANICAL PIPING OR ELECTRICAL CONDUIT PENETRATES FLOOR SLAB AND WILL NOT BE COMPRED BY ANY NEW CONSTRUCTION, REMOVE TO 4* BELOW SLAB AND CAP. SEE MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL DRAWINGS.
- J. WHEN REMOVING PORTION OF MASONRY WALL, TOOTH JAMBS TO PROVIDE STRAIGHT, PLUMB JAMBS. EXPOSED SAW CUT SURFACES ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE.
- K. CONTRACTOR TO VERIETY ALL DIMENSIONS, COORDINATE LOCATION OF BASEMENT FOUNDATIONS WINDOWS WITH EUSTING FIRST FLOOR INFRASTRUCTURE AND WINDOWS





EMOLITION NOTES:

- REMOVE PORTION OF PARTITION FOR NEW WINDOW, DOOR CLEAR & PATCH REMAINING WALL SURFACE FOR NEW FINISH. ANY ASSOCIATED WIRING TO BE REMOVED BACK TO CONNECTION POINTS. COORDINATE W/ STRUCTURAL FOR LINTEL REQUIRENENTS.
 PARTITION'S TO BE REMOVED FLOOR TO CEILLING. ANY ASSOCIATED WIRING TO BE REMOVED BACK TO CONNECTION POINTS. ANY DOORS OR WINDOWS ON PARTITION TO BE REMOVED, ANY PLUMBING TO BE REMOVED ANY PLUMBING TO BE REMOVED BACK TO SOURCE, COORDINATE W/ STRUCTURAL A MED
- REMOVED BACK TO SOURCE, COORDINATE W/ STRUCTURE A MEP.

 EXISTING FLOORING TO BE REMOVED DOWN TO EXTG.

 SLAB. REMOVE ALL THINSET AND/OR GLUE AND DEBRIS FOR A CLEAN AND SMOOTH SURFACE TO RECEIVE NEW FLOORING FRODUCT, PATCH SLAB AS REQUIRED.

 COORDINATE WITH STRUCTURAL AND MEP.

 CAREFULLY REMOVE WINDOW, TURN OVER TO CLIENT.

 CAREFULLY REMOVE DOOR AND FRAMING. TURN OVER TO CLIENT.

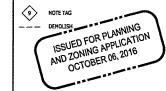
- CAREFULLY REMOVE DOOR AND FRANING. TURN OVER TO CLIENT,
 CAREFULLY REMOVE ALL EXISTING CABINETRY / MILLWORK TURN OVER TO CLIENT.
 CAREFULLY DEND SLAB AS REQUIRED FOR MEP SCOPE.
 REMOVE ALL PLUMBING FIXTURES, ALL WATER & DRAIN LINES TO BE REMOVED BACK TO SOURCE AND CAPPED OFF.
 CODRIDINATE WITH MEP.
 REMOVE FURRING. CLEAN & PATCH WALL FOR NEW FINISH. ANY ASSOCIATED WIRNING TO BE REMOVED BACK TO CONNECTION POINTS. ANY PLUMBING TO BE REMOVED BACK TO CONNECTION POINTS. ANY PLUMBING TO BE REMOVED BACK TO CONNECTION FOR FURRY STRUCTURAL & MEP.
 D. CLIT AND REMOVE BRICK WALL PREP FOR THE IN TO NEW WALL AND/OR FURRY SINCE THE IN TO NEW WALL AND/OR FURRY BRICK WALL PREP FOR THE IN TO NEW WALL AND/OR FURRY BRICK WALL PREP FOR THE IN TO NEW HALL PROPORTION FOR FURTY MEP.
 D. EASTING BUTTRESSES TO REMAIN.
 REMOVE POSITION OF EXISTING ROOF, COORDINATE WITH ROOF PLAN.
 REMOVE POSITION GRAPP AND ALL RELATED COMPONENTS HAND BALLS.
 REMOVE POSITION GROWER ESLAB, COORDINATE WITH STRUCTURAL
 STRUCTURAL
 CORDERITY SERVING EXPETTING WINDOW BETATIN & TOTALS.

- STRUCTURAL.
 CAREFULLY REMOVE EXISTING WINDOW RETAIN & STORE
- CORPOLEY REPORT EASI THE WINDOW RETAIN & STOKE FOR RE-INSTALLATION.

 REMOVE EXISTING FLOOR SYSTEM. COORDINATE WITH ARCHITECTURAL NEW WORK PLAN.

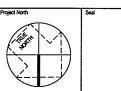
 REMOVE EXISTING PORCH ROOF & POSTS.





Living Well Group Burington, VT

MACKENZIE ARCHITECTS P.C.



ETHAN ALLEN HOME RENOVATIONS AND ADDITION PHASE 1

BURLINGTON

GROUND LEVEL DEMO AND CONSTRUCTION PLANS

A-101

DND Checked E SPM 3cale 1/8* = 1'-0*

A101

GROUND LEVEL NEW PLAN

PLANNING & ZOTING

GENERAL DEMOLITION NOTES: EMOLITION NOTES: REMOVE PORTION OF PARTITION FOR NEW WINDOW/DOO CLEAN & PATCH REMAINING WALL SURFACE FOR NEW FINISH. ANY ASSOCIATED WIRING TO BE REMOVED BACK TO CONNECTION POINTS. COORDINATE W/ STRUCTURAL FOR LINTEL REQUIRENENTS. PARTITIONYS TO BE REMOVED FLOOR TO CEILING, ANY ASSOCIATED WIRING TO BE REMOVED BACK TO CONNECTION POINTS. ANY DOORS OR WINDOWS ON PARTITION TO BE REMOVED. ANY PLUMSHING TO BE REMOVED BACK TO SOURCE. COORDINATE W/ STRUCTURAL AS MEP. A. THESE DEHOLITION NOTES ARE GENERAL IN NATURE AND IS NOT INTENDED TO BE ALL ENCOMPASSING OR EXPAUSITIVE IN DEPICTING EACH INDIVIDUAL ITEM TO BE REMOVED OR DEMOLISHED. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PARILLARZING HINSELE WITH THE PROJECT REQUIREMENTS PRIOR TO BIDDONG. THEN INTERFERING WITH OR OF NO USE OR VALUE TO THE COMPLETED MODICET SHALL BE REMOVED OR DEMOLISHED WHETHER SPECIFICALLY INDICATED IN THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS OR NOT. B. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH OWNER'S REP. THE ITEMS TO BE SALVAGED B ITEMS TO BE DISPOSED OF. SALVAGED ITEMS SHALL BE HANDLED SUCH THAT NO FURTHER DAMAGE IS TO OCCUR TO FACH PARTICULAR ITEM A MEP. EXISTING FLOORING TO BE REMOVED DOWN TO EXTG. SIAB. REMOVE ALL THINSET AND/OR GLUE AND DEBRIS FOR A CLEAN AND SMOOTH SURFACE TO RECEIVE NEW FLOORING FRODUCT. PARTOL SLAB AS REQUIRED. COORDINATE WITH STRUCTURAL AND MEP. CAREFULLY REMOVE WITHOOW. TURN OVER TO CLIENT, CAREFULLY REMOVE WITHOOW. TURN OVER TO CLIENT. CASEFULLY REMOVE DOOR AND FRAMING, TURN OVER TO CLIENT. C. COMPLY WITH GOVERNING REGULATIONS PERTAINING TO ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION. E. IF HAZARDOUS NATERIALS ARE ENCOUNTERED DURING DEHOLITION OPERATIONS, CONFLY WITH APPLICABLE REGULATIONS, LAWS, AND ORDINANCES CONCERNING REMOVAL, HANDLING, AND PROTECTION ACAINST EXPOSURE OR ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION. NOTIFY TENANT AND ARCHITECT: CEASE WORK OPERATIONS AT PROJECT SITE. CLIENT. CAREFULLY REMOVE ALL EXISTING CABINETRY / MILLWORK, TURN OVER TO CLIENT. CAREFULLY DEMO SLAB AS REQUIRED FOR MEP SCOPE. REMOVE ALL PLUMBING FIXTURES, ALL WATER & DRAIN LINES TO BE REMOVED BACK TO SOURCE AND CAPPED OFF. COORDINATE WITH MEP. REMOVE RIRRING. CLEAN & PATCH WALL FOR NEW FINISH. ANY ASSOCIATED WIRING TO BE REMOVED BACK TO CONNECTION POINTS. ANY PURIBING TO BE REMOVED BACK TO CONNECTION POINTS. ANY PURIBING TO BE REMOVED BACK TO CONNECTION POINTS. ANY PURIBING TO BE REMOVED BACK TO CONNECTION POINTS. ANY JURISHING THE NT ONE WALL AMOJOR FURRING. CUT AND REMOVE BACK WALL PEPF FOR TEIL IN TO NEW WALL AMOJOR FURRING. COORDINATE DEMO SCOPE OF MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL AND SPRINGER ROOMS WITH MEP. PLEISTING BUTTRESSES TO REMAIN. REMOVE PORTING FOR PENENT. REMOVE EXISTING RAMP AND ALL RELATED COMPONENTS HAND BALLS. REMOVE EXISTING SUTTRESSES. COORDINATE WITH STRUCTURAL REMOVE EXISTING SUDGES SYSTEM. COORDINATE WITH SERVICE STRUCTURE WITH SERVICE STRUCTURE WITH SERVICE STRUCTURE. CAREFULLY REMOVE ALL EXISTING CABINETRY / MILLWORN F. CLEANUP: UPON COMPLETION AND REMOVAL OF DEMOLISHED MATERIALS FROM SITE REMOVE PROTECTIONS AND LEAVE AREAS BROOM CLEAN. G. ALL EXTG. EQUIPMENT, DEVICES, FLOORING, LIGHTING, ETC. TO REMAIN, ARE TO BE PROTECTED BY G.C. DURING DEMOLITION & CONSTRUCTION. H. THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR SHALL REPAIR AT THEIR OWN EXPENSE ANY DAMAGE DONE TO PROPERTY OF THE OWNER, AND ANY OTHER PERSON OR PERSONS ON OR OFF THE PREMISES AS A RESULT OF THE CONTRACTOR'S WORK DEFINED HEREIN. L. ALL EASTING MASONRY WALLS SHOWN TO BE REMOVED SHALL BE REMOVED FROM FLOOR TO DECK. IF WALL PENETRATES FLOOR, REMOVE TO 4" BELOW FLOOR. REMOVE ALL DOORS AND FRAMES IN WALL WHERE WALL TO BE REMOVED ABILTS AN EXISTING WALL DOORS AND FRAMES IN WALL WHERE WALL TO BE REMOVED ABILTS AND EXISTING WALL DOORS AND SUPPORTS, AND REPLACE ANY MASONIX UNITS THAT ARE DAMAGED, WHERE RECHANGED, PIPING OR ELECTRICAL CONDUIT PENETRATES FLOOR SLAB AND WILL NOT BE COVERED BY ANY NEW CONSTRUCTION, REMOVE TO 4" BELOW SLAB AND CAP. SEE RECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL DRAWINGS. WHEN REMOVING PORTION OF MASONRY WALL, TOOTH JAMBS TO PROVIDE STRAIGHT, PLUMB JAMBS. EXPOSED SAW CUT SURFACES ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE. K. CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS, COORDINATE LOCATION OF BASEMENT FOUNDATIONS WINDOWS WITH EUSTING FIRST FLOOR INFRASTRUCTURE AND WINDOWS. 17. CAREFULLY REMOVE EXISTING WINDOW RETAIN & STOKE FOR RE-INSTALLATION. 8. REMOVE EXISTING FLOOR SYSTEM. COORDINATE WITH ARCHITECTURAL NEW WORK PLAN. 19. REMOVE EXISTING PORCH ROOF & POSTS. LEGEND 9 NOTE TAG ISSUED FOR PLANNING AND ZONING APPLICATION OCTOBER 06, 2016 ----EXISTING DOOR SEAL SHUT & COVERED ON-INTERIOR W/ WALL 0 0 Living Well Group MACKENZIE ARCHITECTS P.C. A-210 STAIR √3√8 (A)-0 ETHAN ALLEN HOME RENOVATIONS AND ADDITION 8'-7/4" 9'-61/8" 00 PHASE 1 BURLINGTON SECOND LEVEL DEMO AND CONSTRUCTION PLANS **SECOND LEVEL** SECOND LEVEL Checked By SPM A102 1/8" = 1'-0" DEMOLITION PLAN A102 A-102 DEPARTMENTOR MAPC Project Number 14054

